

## **2000-2001 COMMON DATA SET**

The University of Miami participates in the Common Data Set (CDS) initiative. Accordingly we have provided data in the CDS format.

The CDS project is coordinated by the College Board, Peterson's Guide, *U.S. News and World Report*, and Wintergreen/Orchard House. It has an advisory committee that includes representatives from the following higher education organizations: American Association of Collegiate Registrars and Admissions Officers, American Association of Community Colleges, Association for Institutional Research, National Association of College Admission Counselors, National Association of College and University Business Officers, and National Association of Student Financial Aid Administrators.

Completed by the Office of the Dean of Enrollments.

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## A. GENERAL INFORMATION

## **A1.** Address Information

	Name of College or University: University of Miami Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country: Coral Gables, Florida 33124. Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country: Main phone: (305) 284-2211 WWW Home Page Address: www.miami.edu Admissions Phone Number: (305) 284-4323 Admissions Toll-free Number: Not Available Admissions Office Mailing Address: Office of Admission, University of Miami (City/State/Zip/Country) P.O. Box 248025, Coral Gables, Florida 33124-4616. Admissions Fax number: (305) 284-2507 Admissions E-mail Address: admission@miami.edu Is there a separate URL application site on the Internet? Yes If so, please specify: www.miami.edu/admission/apply
A2.	Source of institutional control (check one only)
	<ul><li>□ Public</li><li>□ Private (nonprofit)</li><li>□ Proprietary</li></ul>
A3.	Classify your undergraduate institution:
	<ul> <li></li></ul>
A4.	Academic year calendar
A5.	Degrees offered by your institution
	☑ Certificate       ☑ Postbachelor's certificate         ☑ Diploma       ☑ Master's         ☐ Associate       ☑ Post-master's certificate         ☐ Transfer       ☑ Doctoral         ☐ Terminal       ☑ First professional         ☒ Bachelor's       ☐ First professional Certificate

## **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

**B1.** Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2000. References to corresponding data elements formerly collected by IPEDS on the Fall Enrollment Survey 1999 (Part A) or currently collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System are supplied below.

	FULL-TIME			PART-TIME			
	Men (1999 IPEDS col. 15)	Women (1999 IPEDS col. 16)	1999 IPEDS Line	Men (1999 IPEDS col. 15)	Women (1999 IPEDS col. 16)	1999 IPEDS line	
Undergraduates							
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	887	1,078	line 1	7	8	line 15	
Other first-year, degree- seeking	258	266	line 2	12	28	line 16	
All other degree-seeking	2,561	3,026	Lines 3-6	174	271	lines 17-20	
Total degree-seeking	3,706	4,370		193	307		
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	62	41	line 7	104	172	line 21	
Total undergraduates	3,768	4,411	line 8	297	479	line 22	
First-professional							
First-time, first-professional students	331	283	line 9	14	18	line 23	
All other first-professionals	554	531	line 10	15	16	line 24	
Total first-professional	885	814		29	34		
Graduate							
Degree-seeking, first-time	312	291	line 11	36	81	line 25	
All other degree-seeking	1,034	925	line 12	182	271	line 26	
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	7	8	line 13	32	67	line 27	
Total graduate	1,353	1,224		250	419		

		·				
Total all undergraduates (1	999 IPEDS sum	of lines 8 and 22	2, cols. 15	and 16):	8,9	55
Total all graduate and professional students (1999 IPEDS sum of lines 14 and 28, cols. 15 and 16):						08
GRAND TOTAL ALL STU	JDENTS (IPED	S line 29, sum of	f cols. 15 a	and 16):	13,9	63

**B2.** Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2000. References to corresponding data elements formerly collected by IPEDS on the Fall enrollment Survey 1999 (Part A) or currently collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System are supplied below.

	Degree-seeking First-time first-year 1999 IPEDS sum of lines 1 and 15	Degree-seeking undergraduates 1999 IPEDS sum of lines 1-6 and lines 15-20	Total Undergraduates
Non-resident aliens IPEDS cols. 1-2	125	721	805
Black, non-Hispanic IPEDS cols. 3-4	165	882	921
American Indian or Alaskan Native IPEDS cols. 5-6	5	24	24
Asian or Pacific Islander IPEDS cols. 7-8	109	412	419
Hispanic IPEDS cols. 9-10	419	2,264	2,387
White, non-Hispanic IPEDS cols. 11-12	1,087	4,068	4,177
Race/ethnicity unknown IPEDS cols. 13-14	70	205	222
Total IPEDS cols. 15-16	1,980	8,576	8,955

#### Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 1999, to June 30, 2000.

Certificate/diploma	2
Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	1,740
Postbachelor's certificates	31
Master's degrees	1,082
Post-master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees	176
First professional degrees	548
First professional certificates	

#### **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements formerly collected by IPEDS or currently collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 1999 paper-based survey or the 2000 Web-based survey.

#### For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1994. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1994.

B4.	Initial 1994 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seel students; total all students: (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 10, sum of columns 15 and 16)	xing undergraduate 1,519
В5.	Of the initial 1994 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the fee official church missions; total allowable exclusions: (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part C, line 45, sum of columns 15 and 16)	
B6.	Final 1994 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4)	1,518
В7.	Of the initial 1994 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or les 1998): (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 19, sum of columns 15 and 16)	ss (by August 31, 718
B8.	Of the initial 1994 cohort, how many completed the program in more than f years or less (after August 31, 1998 and by August 31, 1999): (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 20, sum of columns 15 and 16)	our years but in five
В9.	Of the initial 1994 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five or less (after August 31, 1999 and by August 31, 2000):  (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 21, sum of columns 15 and 16)	years but in six years 41
B10.	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): (1999 IPEDS GRS, Section II, Part A, line 18, sum of columns 15 and 16)	946
B11.	Six-year graduation rate for 1994 cohort (questions B10 divided by B6):	62.3%

## For Two-Year Institutions:

B12.	Initial 1997 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
	(1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 10, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B13.	Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions); total allowable exclusions:
	(1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 45, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B14.	Final 1997 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions:
	(Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15.	Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
	(1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 11, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B16.	Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:
	(1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 11A, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B17.	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
	(1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 12, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B18.	Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
	(1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 12A, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B19.	Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 30, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B20.	Total transfers to two-year institutions: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 32, sum of columns 15 and 16)
B21.	Total transfers to four-year institutions: (1999 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 33, sum of columns 15 and 16)

#### **Retention Rates**

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1999 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

**B22.** For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 1999 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2000? 82.3%

## C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

## **Applications**

C1.	<b>First-time, first-year (freshman) students:</b> Provide the number of degree-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer: Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students subsequently offered admission.	n fall 2 in this s for conotified pplicat	2000. Include cohort. consideration for the ion withdrawn	or e
	Total first-time, first year (freshman) men who applied* Total first-time, first year (freshman) women who applied* Unknown		6,213 6,874 1	
	Total first-time, first year (freshman) men who were admitted Total first-time, first year (freshman) women who where admitted Unknown	_	3,124 3,751 1	
	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	_	887 7	
	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled		1,078	
C2.	Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requiremen admission was contingent on space availability)	ts but	whose final	
	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?  If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2000 admissions:	Yes	☐ No	
	Number of qualified applicants placed on waiting list Number accepting a place on the waiting list Number of wait-listed students admitted	_	745 254 0	
Admi	ssion Requirements			
С3.	<b>High school completion requirement</b> Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirementering students	ent for	r degree-seekin	ıg
	High school diploma is required and GED is accepted High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted High school diploma or equivalent is not required			

<sup>\*</sup> Number of total applications is reported.

Does your institution require or recomdegree-seeking students?	imend a general co	llege-preparatory	program for			
<ul> <li>☐ Required</li> <li>☐ Recommended</li> <li>☐ Neither required nor recommended</li> </ul>						
<b>Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended.</b> Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.						
	Units required	Units recommended				
Total academic units		16				
Fnolish		Δ				
•		5				
Other (specify)						
for Selection						
		out regard to acaden				
If so, check which applies:						
Open admission policy as described above for all students						
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but selective admission for out-of-state students selective admission to some programs other (explain)						
	degree-seeking students?  ☐ Required ☐ Recommended ☐ Neither required nor recommended ☐ Distribution of high school units required academic high school course units required students using Carnegie units (one unit edifferent system for calculating units, please of the system for calcu	Required   Recommended   Recommended   Recommended   Recommended   Neither required nor recommended   Recommended   Neither required nor recommended   Rec	Required Recommended Neither required nor recommended  Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify th academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivaler different system for calculating units, please convert.    Units required			

## C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first- year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

V	ery importa			ed Not consider	ed.
Academic Secondary school record Class rank Recommendation(s) Standardized test scores Essay					cu
Nonacademic Interview Extracurricular activities Talent/ability Character/personal qualities Alumni/ae relation Geographical residence State residency Religious affiliation/commitme Minority status Volunteer work Work experience  SAT and ACT Policies	nt				
a. Does your institution matime, first-year, degree- If yes, place check mark use in admission.	seeking appl	icants? 🛛 Y	es No		
	Require	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for		ot used
SAT I ACT SAT I or ACT (no preference) SAT I or ACTSAT I preferred SAT I or ACTACT preferred SAT I and SAT II SAT I and SAT II or ACT SAT II			some	if submitted	

In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for placement or counseling?

		ement X	Yes No		
	b. Does your instit appropriate boxe		I or II or the ACT f	or placement only?	If so, please mark the
		n.		CEMENT	l C
	SAT I	Re	equire Recor	nmend Required	for some
	SAT II		H	<del>-</del>	<u></u>
	ACT		H		$\exists$
	SAT I or AC	CT			
	c. Latest date by w	which SAT I or ACT	Γ scores must be red	ceived for fall-term a	dmission <u>March 1</u>
	Latest date by w	hich SAT II scores	must be received f	for fall-term admission	on <u>Jan 15</u>
	d If necessary use	this space to clari	fy your test policies	s (e.g., if tests recom	mended for some
,			l of some students):		SAT II
				cal Engineering, and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Freshn	nan Profile				
(freshn	nan) students enro	lled in fall 2000, in	cluding students w	te and part-time, fir ho began studies dur under special arrange	ing summer,
<b>C9.</b>	Percent and numb	er of first-time, fin	rst-year (freshman	) students enrolled	in fall 2000 who
		·	· ·		on for ALL enrolled
	_			nts who submitted to	
	-			ot verbal for a catego	•
			,	in this item. SAT sco percent scored at or	
	percentile score is the	-		•	below, the 75th
Perc	ent submitting SAT	scores 93%	Number sub	mitting SAT scores	1,842
Perc	ent submitting ACT	scores 45%	Number sub	mitting ACT scores	894
[		25th percentile	75th percentile		
ŀ	SAT I Verbal	530	630		
	SAT I Math	540	650		
	ACT Composite	22	28		
	ACT English	22	28		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range

22

ACT Math

	SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math
700-800	8%	10%
600-699	35%	39%
500-599	42%	42%
400-499	13%	9%
300-399	1%	0%
200-299	0%	0%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	11%	15%	17%
24-29	55%	47%	49%
18-23	31%	33%	31%
12-17	2%	4%	3%
6-11	0%	1%	0%
below 6	0%	0%	0%

# C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top 10th of high school graduating class	45%
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	77%
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	97%
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	3%
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	0%
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who	
submitted high school class rank	68%

# C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Percent who had GPA of 3.0 and higher	95%
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.9	5%
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0%

C12.	Average high sch	ool GPA of all	degree-seeking	; first-time,	first-year	(freshman)	students	who
	submitted GPA:	3.88						

Percent of total first-time, first-ye	ear (freshman) students who s	submitted high school GPA:	85%
i creent or total lingt tillie, lingt je	ear (iresimian) stadents who s	gaennuca ingi seneer erri.	05 70

#### **Admission Policies**

## C13. Application fee

	Does your institution have an application fee?
	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?  \( \sum \) Yes \( \sum \) No
C14.	Application closing date
	Does your institution have an application closing date? Yes No Application closing date (fall) March 1 Priority date
C15.	Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall? 🛛 Yes 🔲 No
C16.	Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)
	On a rolling basis beginning (date)  By (date)  Other  April 15  Early Decision (December 15); Early Action (January 15)
C17.	Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)
	Must reply by (date)  No set date  Must reply by May 1 or within 2 weeks if notified thereafter  Other Early Decision (January 15)
C18.	<b>Deferred admission:</b> Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission? ☑ Yes ☐ No  If yes, maximum period of postponement: 1 year
C19.	Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? Yes No
C20.	<b>Common application:</b> Will you accept the Common Application distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals if submitted?  Yes  No
	If "yes," are supplemental forms required?
	Is your college a member of the Common Application Group?  \(\sum \) Yes  \(\sum \) No

## **Early Decision and Early Action Plans**

C21.	Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advantage of the control of the c	ance of the regular notification				
	date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first applicants for fall enrollment? Yes No	t-time, first-year (freshman)				
	If "yes," please complete the following:					
	First or only early decision plan closing date First or only early decision plan notification date	November 15 December 15				
	Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date					
	For the Fall 2000 entering class:					
	Number of early decision applications received by your institution Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan	<u>644</u> 320				
	Please provide significant details about your early decision plan	Deadline is				
	November 15, students are notified by December 15, must submit tuition deposit by					
	January 15					
C22.	Early action: Do you have a non-binding early action plan whereby admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but attending your college?  Yes  No					
	If "yes," please complete the following:					
	Early action closing date	November 15				
	Early action notification date	January 15				

## D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

		<i>D</i> . 11	MANSI'LK ADMI	001011		
Fall A	Applicants					
D1.	Does your institution e	nroll transfer s	tudents?	∑ Yes	☐ No	
	(If no, please skip to S If yes, may transfer stu course work completed	dents earn adv		edit by transferring Yes	credits earne	d from
D2.	Provide the number of students in fall 2000.	students who a	pplied, were admi	tted, and enrolled	as degree-see	king transfei
		Applicants*	Admitted appl	icants Enrolled	l applicants	]
	Men	1,204	600		292	
	Women	1,460	804		358	
	Unknown	0	0		0	
	Total	2,664	1,404		550	
Appl D3.	* Number of total application for Admission  Indicate terms for which	h transfers ma				
	⊠ Fall	nter 🛭 Spri	ng 🗵 Summer			
D4.	Must a transfer applica entering freshman?	nt have a minii	mum number of cr	edits completed or Yes No	else must ap	ply as an
	If yes, what is the mini	mum number o	of credits and the u	nit of measure? _		
D5.	Indicate all items requi	red of transfer	students to apply	for admission:		
		Required of all	Recommended for all	Recommended for some	Required for some	Not required
Hi	gh school transcript				X	
1		<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	1	1

	Required of all	Recommended for all	Recommended for some	Required for some	Not required
High school transcript				X	•
College transcript(s)	X				
Essay or personal statement				X	
Interview					X
Standardized test scores				X	
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)	X				

<b>D6.</b>	If a minim	um high scho	ool grade poir	nt average is	required of	transfer a	pplicants,	specify (	on a 4.0
	scale):	NA							

<b>8</b> .	2.	5 re-calculated		specific to transfer ap		pecify (on a 4.0 scale
0.		college professor			<u> 1000</u>	THE TOTAL POLICE
9.	applicat		_	ation, and candidate rates or rolling basis, pla	- •	
		Priority date	Closing date	Notification date	Reply date	Rolling admission
F	all	March 1	None	April 1	May 1	J
W	Vinter			1	,	
S	pring	November 15	None	December 1	January 1	
S	ummer				-	
ans	fer Cred	lit Policies				
2.	Report	the lowest grade	earned for any c	ourse that may be tra	insferred for cre-	dit: <u>C</u>
13.	Maximi Number			hat may be transferre Credits	ed from a two-ye	ear institution:
<b>4</b> .				hat may be transferre Credits	ed from a four-y	ear institution:
15.		number of cre		rs must complete at y	our institution to	o earn an associate's
	1 d	ım number of cre	edits that transfer	rs must complete at y	our institution to	o earn a hachelor's
16.		45				s carri a sacricior s

## E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1.	<b>Special study options:</b> Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.
E2.	Has been removed from the CDS.
E3.	Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:
	<ul> <li>Arts/fine arts</li> <li>Computer literacy</li> <li>English (including composition)</li> <li>Foreign languages</li> <li>History</li> <li>Other (describe):</li> <li>Humanities</li> <li>Mathematics</li> <li>Philosophy</li> <li>Sciences (biological or physical)</li> <li>Social science</li> </ul>
Libra	ry Collections
-	t the number of holdings. Refer to the 1998 IPEDS Academic Libraries Survey, Part D, for ponding equivalents.
E4.	Books, serial backfiles, electronic documents, and government documents (titles) that are accessible through the library's catalog: 1,324,952 (sum of lines 27 and 29, column 2)
E5.	Current serial subscriptions (paper, microform, electronic): 17,155 (sum of lines 30 and 31, column 2)
E6.	Microforms (units): 3,536,670 (line 28, column 2)
E7.	Audiovisual materials (units): 109.633 (line 32, column 2)

## F. STUDENT LIFE

F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) students and all degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in fall 2000 who fit the following categories

enrolled in fall 2000 who fit the following categories		
	First-time, first-	Under-
	year (freshman)	graduate
	Students	Students
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens)	52%	43%
Percent of men who join fraternities	13%	12%
Percent of women who join sororities	16%	13%
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing	76%	39%
Percent who live off campus or commute	24%	61%
Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	8%
Average age of full-time students	18.0	20.2
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18.1	20.9
F2. Activities offered Identify those programs available at your instit	ution.	
	nt government nt newspaper nt-run film society nony orchestra sion station ook	
<b>F3. ROTC</b> (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Transfer	aining Corps)	
Army ROTC is offered: ☐ On campus ☐ At cooperating institution (name): Florida International Uni	versity	
Naval ROTC is offered:  On campus  At cooperating institution (name):		
Air Force ROTC is offered:  On campus  At cooperating institution (name):		
<b>F4. Housing:</b> Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or undergraduates at your institution.	-affiliated housing a	available for
<ul> <li>Coed dorms</li> <li>Men's dorms</li> <li>Women's dorms</li> <li>Apartments for married students</li> <li>Apartments for single students</li> <li>Other housing options (specify):</li> </ul> Special housing for one of the properties of the propert	nternational students ousing (Fraternity hou	using only)

#### G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2000-2001 academic year costs for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

## G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2000-2001 academic year. A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters or trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do *not* include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATE S
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	\$22,124	\$22,124
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
In-district:		
In-state (out-of-district):		
Out-of-state:		
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$22,124	\$22,124
REQUIRED FEES:	\$404	\$404
ROOM AND BOARD:	\$7,934	\$7,934
(on-campus)	,	, ,
ROOM ONLY:	\$4,490	\$4,490
(on-campus)		
BOARD ONLY:	\$3,444	\$3,444
(on-campus meal plan)		

mber of	credits per term a s	tudent can take for the stated full-time tuition
		20 maximum

<b>G4.</b>	If tuition and fees vary	by undergraduate instructional	program, describe briefly:	
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## G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters	Commuters
		(living at	(not living at home)
		home)	
Books and supplies:	\$734	\$734	\$734
Room only:	\$4,490		\$4,490
Board only:	\$3,444	\$1,800	\$3,444
Transportation:	\$1,159	\$1,258	\$1,159
Other expenses:	\$1,090	\$1,286	\$1,090

## **G6.** Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges:

PRIVATE	\$899
INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$899

#### H. FINANCIAL AID

## Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based gift aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate academic y	ear for which	data are reported	for items H1, H	<b>H2</b> , <b>H2A</b> , and	<b>H6</b> below:

2000-2001 estimated	1999-2000 actual
---------------------	------------------

	Need-based	Non-need-based
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	6,606,200	324,344
State	11,719,183	7,535,094
Institutional (endowment, alumni, or other institutional awards) and external funds awarded by the college excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)	40,242,992	16,922,266
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g. Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	1,186,880	440,138
Total Scholarships/Grants	59,755,256	25,221,842
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	26,064,519	8,223,488
Federal Work Study	6,517,248	
State and other work study/employment	272,230	680,940
Total Self-Help	32,853,997	8,904,428
Parent Loans	2,707,006	5,345,820
Tuition Waivers	3,403,438	8,522,715
Athletic Awards	2,113,529	3,735,977

**H2**. **Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Aid:** List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and received financial aid. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** <u>Numbers should reflect the cohort receiving the dollars reported in H1</u>.

Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Inc. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2000 cohort)	1,965	8,076	500
b)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who were financial aid applicants (include applicants for all types of aid)	1,355	5,057	112
c)	Number of students in line <b>b</b> who were determined to have financial need	1,078	4,396	108
d)	Number of students in line <b>c</b> who received any financial aid	1,076	4,393	108
e)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who received any need-based gift aid	1,056	4,346	100
f)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who received any need-based self-help aid	881	3,719	88
g)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who received any non-need-based gift aid	172	582	10
h)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans).	326	1,438	16
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who received any need-based aid. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans).	87%	87%	70%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line <b>d.</b> Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans.)	\$20,248	\$21,049	\$16,410
k)	Average need-based gift award of those in line e	\$14,870	\$14,605	\$11,957
1)	Average need-based self-help award ( <u>excluding PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b>	\$5,398	\$6,620	\$5,803
m)	Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line <b>f</b> who received a need-based loan.	\$3,515	\$4,875	\$4,794

**H2A**. **Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Non-need-based Grants and Scholarships:** List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who received non-need-based gift aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort receiving the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Inc. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
n) Number of students in line <b>a</b> who had no financial need who received non-need-based <u>gift</u> aid (exclude those receiving athletic awards and tuition benefits)	535	1,939	45
o) Average <u>dollar amount of non-need-based-gift aid awarded</u> to students in line <b>n</b>	\$13,055	\$12,556	\$5,331
p) Number of students in line <b>a</b> who received a non-need-based athletic <u>grant or scholarship</u>	45	192	6
q) Average <u>dollar amount</u> of non-need-based <u>athletic grants</u> and <u>scholarships awarded</u> to students in line <b>p</b>	\$19,108	\$18,891	\$18,154

<u>a</u>	nd scholarships awarded to s	rudents in line <b>p</b>			
Н3.	Which needs-analysis meth	odology does your institution t	use in awardin	g institutional	aid?
	Federal methodology (I Institutional methodolo Both FM and IM	*			
H4.	borrowed through any loan	ate class who graduated betwee programs (federal, state, subsi- students who borrowed while	dized, unsubsi	dized, private	etc.; exclude
Н5.		nlative undergraduate indebted stitutions: \$20,302		n line H4; do ı	not include
	o Undergraduate Degree-see e same academic year checke	eking Nonresident Aliens (No d in item H1.)	ote: Report nu	mbers and dol	lar amounts
Н6.	Indicate your institution's p nonresident aliens:	olicy regarding financial aid f	or undergradua	ate degree-seek	king
	College-administ	ered need-based financial aid i ered non-need-based financial ered financial aid is not availal	aid is available	e	
	_	ncial aid is available for under ber of undergraduate degree-s l-based aid:	-	dent aliens wh	

	Average dollar amount awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:  \$\_\_\\$14,161
	Total dollar amount of financial aid from all sources awarded to all undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:  \$2,279,911
Proce	ess for First-Year/Freshman Students
Н7.	Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
	<ul> <li>☐ FAFSA</li> <li>☐ Institution's own financial aid form</li> <li>☐ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE</li> <li>☑ State aid form</li> <li>☐ Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement</li> <li>☐ Business/Farm Supplement</li> <li>☐ Other:</li> </ul>
Н8.	Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:  Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application Foreign Student's Certification of Finances Other:
Н9.	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:  Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: February 15  Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: None  No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):
H10.	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
	a. Students notified on or about (date):
	b. Students notified on a rolling basis:   Yes  No If yes, starting date:  March 1
H11.	Indicate reply dates:
	Students must reply by (date): May 1 or within weeks of notification.

## **Types of Aid Available**

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

## H12. Loans

		FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)
		Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans
		FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL)
	$\boxtimes$	FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans FFEL PLUS Loans
		Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):
H13.	Schol	arships and Grants
		NEED-BASED:
		Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university gift aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):

## H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X	X	Academics	X		Leadership
X		Alumni affiliation	X	X	Minority status
X		Art	X	X	Music/drama
X		Athletics			Religious affiliation
X	X	Job skills			State/district residency
X		ROTC			

#### I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

#### I-1. Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2000.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

- (a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine
- (b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status,
- (c) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like
  - (d) faculty on leave without pay, and
  - (e) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time: faculty employed on a full-time basis

*Part-time*: faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Also includes adjuncts and part-time instructors.

*Minority faculty*: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

*Doctorate*: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL). Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

	Full time	Part time	Total
a) Total number of instructional faculty	771	351	1,122
b) Total number who are members of minority gro	oups 163	75	238
c) Total number who are women	222	150	372
d) Total number who are men	549	201	750
e) Total number who are non-resident aliens (international)	26	5	31
f) Total number with doctorate, first professional, other terminal degree	or 668	178	846
g) Total number whose highest degree is a master not a terminal master's	's but 78	95	173
h) Total number whose highest degree is a bachele	or's 20	29	49
i) Total number whose highest degree is unknown other (Note: Items <b>f</b> , <b>g</b> , <b>h</b> , and <b>i</b> must sum up t item <b>a</b> .)		49	54

#### I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2000 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2000 Student to Faculty ratio: 13 t	in 2000 Student ti	to 1
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## I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2000 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2000. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

#### **Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled**

**Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)** 

						/		
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS	248	485	419	263	99	72	28	1,634
SECTIONS								

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-	34	69	35	4	8	5	0	157
SECTIONS								

#### J. DEGREES CONFERRED

## Degrees conferred between July 1, 1999 and June 30, 2000

## **Reference: IPEDS Completions, Part A**

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded.

Category	Diploma/ certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP categories to include here
Agriculture				1 and 2
Architecture			3%	4
Area and ethnic studies			0%	5
Biological/life sciences			10%	26
Business/marketing			22%	8 and 52
Communications/communication			7%	9 and 10
technologies				
Computer and information sciences	100%		3%	11
Education			3%	13
Engineering/engineering technologies			8%	14 and 15
English			3%	23
Foreign languages and literature			0%	16
Health professions and related sciences			9%	51
Home economics and vocational home				19 and 20
economics				
Interdisciplinary studies				30
Law/legal studies			0%	22
Liberal arts/general studies			1%	24
Library science				25
Mathematics			1%	27
Military science and technologies				28 and 29
Natural resources/environmental science			0%	3
Parks and recreation				31
Personal and miscellaneous services				12
Philosophy, religion, theology			0%	38 and 39
Physical sciences			3%	40 and 41
Protective services/public administration			1%	43 and 44
Psychology			6%	42
Social sciences and history			6%	45
Trade and industry				46, 47, 48, and 49
Visual and performing arts			12%	50
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

#### **Definitions**

- ♦ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (\*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

\*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

**Accelerated program:** Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

**Admitted student:** Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

\*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

**American Indian or Alaska native:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

**Applicant (first-time, first year):** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

**Application fee:** That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

**Asian or Pacific Islander:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

**Associate degree:** An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

**Bachelor's degree:** An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

**Black, non-Hispanic:** A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

**Board** (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

**Books and supplies (costs):** Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

\*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

**Carnegie units:** One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Class rank:** The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

**College-preparatory program:** Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

**Common Application:** The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

**Commuter:** A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

**Contact hour:** A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

**Continuous basis (for program enrollment):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Cooperative (work-study plan) program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their

education, career, or personal development.

**Credit:** Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit course:** A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit hour:** A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Cross-registration:** A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctoral degree:** The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

**Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

**Early decision plan:** A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

**Exchange student program-domestic:** Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

**External degree program:** A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

**Extracurricular activities (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

**First professional certificate (postdegree):** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

**First professional degree:** An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

**First-time student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

**First-time, first-year (freshman) student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate

work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

**Full-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

**Grade-point average (academic high school GPA):** The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

**Graduate student:** A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

**Hispanic:** A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

**Internship:** Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

**Master's degree:** An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

**Other expenses (costs):** Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

**Out-of-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

**Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

\*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

**Post-baccalaureate certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

**Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

**Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma:** Include the following three IPEDS definitions for postecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study

at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

**Quarter calendar system:** A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

**Race/ethnicity:** Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

**Race/ethnicity unknown:** Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

**Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor):** Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

\*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

\*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

**Required fees:** Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

**Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

**Room and board (charges)—on campus:** Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

**Secondary school record (as admission factor):** Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

**Semester calendar system:** A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

**Student-designed major:** A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

**Talent/ability** (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

**Teacher certification program:** Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

**Transfer applicant:** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

**Transportation** (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

**Trimester calendar system:** An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

**Tuition:** Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per

term, per course, or per credit.

\*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

**Unit:** A standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

**Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

\*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

\*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

**Volunteer work (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

**Weekend college:** A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

\*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

**Work experience (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

#### Financial aid definitions

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution.

**Institutional and external funds**: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Financial need:** As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based gift aid:** Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Non-need-based gift aid:** Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

#### Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Scholarships/grants from external sources: Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Work study and employment**: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.